

## CPSC Published Direct Final Rule to Clarify Component Part Testing and Lead in Textile Prints

On October 14, 2015, the U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC) issued a direct final rule clarifying when component part testing can be used and which textile products have been determined not to exceed the allowable lead content limits. This rule is revising two existing rules, 16 CFR 1109.91– Conditions and requirements for relying on component part testing or certification, to meet testing and certification requirements; and 16 CFR 1500.91– Hazardous substances and articles: Administration and enforcement regulations.

A summary of amendments to Part 1109 and 1500 is as below:

<b>Amendment to Part 1109</b>	- Clarify that subpart B applies only to products or requirements expressly identified in subpart B rather than placing limitations on the use of component part testing of chemical content.
	- Clarify that the requirements of subpart B and C are only required if applicable in the circumstances identified in subparts B and C.
	- Update a version of the mandatory toy standard to ASTM F963-11
	- Add a reference to the Commission's guidance concerning inaccessible component part (16 CFR part 1199)
<b>Amendment to Part 1500</b>	- Clarify that the Commission has determined that textiles that have treatments and applications consisting entirely of dyes do not exceed the lead content limits, and are not subject to the third party testing requirements for children's products, so long as those materials have not been treated or adulterated with materials that could add lead

The rule is effective on December 14, 2015, unless a significant adverse comment is received by November 13, 2015.

### **Link**

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<http://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/FR-2015-10-14/pdf/2015-25932.pdf>

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